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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/753,192	12/30/2000	Douglas M. Neuse	044601.0164	9997	
7590 03/16/2004			EXAMINER		
GEORGE R. SCHULTZ P.C.			ZHEN,	ZHEN, WEI Y	
One Lincoln Centre 5400 LBJ Freeway, Suite 525			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DALLAS, TX 75240			2122	13	
			DATE MAILED: 03/16/2004	DATE MAILED: 03/16/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

- 41		Application No.	Applicant(s)	V			
		09/753,192	NEUSE ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Wei Y Zhen	2122				
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	ation appears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence addres	SS			
THE - External control	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC misions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply we reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. TAT CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, nication. days, a reply within the statutory minimur tory period will apply and will expire SIX (ill, by statute, cause the application to bec	may a reply be timely filed n of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. 6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communione ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>02 January 2001</u> .					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 28	o)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)[3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice	e under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 193	5 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> are subject to restriction	e withdrawn from consideratio					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)□	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.					
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:		ed to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any object		•				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including t	he correction is required if the dr	awing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1	.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. Note the att	ached Office Action or form PTO-1	152.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority of the priority of the certified copies of the priority of the certified copies of application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office action	ocuments have been receive ocuments have been receive f the priority documents have al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))	d. d in Application No been received in this National Sta	ge			
Attachmer	nt(s)						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		rview Summary (PTO-413) er No(s)/Mail Date				
3) 🛛 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P er No(s)/Mail Date <u>7</u> .	TO/SB/08) 5) Not	ice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152 er:	2)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-21 are pending.

Election/Restriction

- 2. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-19, drawn to source to source code translation, classified in class717, subclass 137.
 - II. Claims 19-21, drawn to simulation modeling, classified in class 703, subclass 22.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because for example, claim 1 is recited with converting code. The subcombination has separate utility such as simulation modeling.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with David Odom on 3/3/2004 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of group I, claims 1-18. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 19-21 withdrawn

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from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 14 recites the limitation "The method of claim 11, wherein the step of developing an object data structure includes developing an object data structure containing a data structure of the non-object oriented computer environment". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. The Examiner is interpreting this limitation as "The method of claim 11, further includes developing an object data structure containing a data structure of the non-object oriented computer environment".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are

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such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1- 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dupuy et al, U.S. Patent No. 6,523,171 in view of Agesen et al, U.S. Patent No. 6,253,215.

As per claim 1, Dupuy et al disclose

Identifying an existing object oriented environment, identifying the non-object oriented computer environment, (col. 3 lines 11-15); defining requirements for the new object oriented computer environment, selecting grammar and syntax compatible with the non-object oriented computer environment (col. 3 lines 19-22); preparing the new object oriented computer environment, wherein the new object oriented computer environment includes the requirements, the grammar and syntax and object oriented extensions (col. 3 lines 27-26, Fig. 2 col. 4 lines 15-52).

Dupuy et al does not explicitly disclose developing object oriented extension, wherein an existing application of the non-object oriented computer environment remains executable and wherein the new object oriented computer environment access information of the non-object oriented computer environment.

However, Agesen et al disclose developing object oriented extension, wherein an existing application of the non-object oriented computer environment remains executable and wherein the new object oriented computer environment access information of the non-object oriented computer environment (col. 2 lines 15-26).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teaching of Agesen et al into the teaching of Dupuy et al to develop object oriented extension, wherein an existing application of the non-object oriented computer

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environment remains executable and wherein the new object oriented computer environment access information of the non-object oriented computer environment because one would want to provides a flexible system which can access both types of environments.

As per claim 2, Dupuy et al disclose identifying a commercially available object oriented computer environment (col. 3 lines 6-10).

As per claim 3, Dupuy et al discloses identifying a legacy non-object oriented computer environment (col. 3 lines 6-10).

As per claims 4-8, Dupuy et al disclose legacy non-object oriented computer environment (col. 3 lines 11-15).

Dupuy does not explicitly disclose the legacy non-object oriented computer environment, includes a user language interface and data structure, allows multiple users, includes a distributed environment, allows simulation modeling for analysis of the performance of software.

Official Notice is taken that a user language interface and data structure, allows multiple users, includes a distributed environment, allows simulation modeling for analysis of the performance of software were well known in the art at the time the invention was made.

Therefore,, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teaching of the well known knowledge into the teaching of Dupuy et al to have the legacy system to include a user language interface and data structure, allow multiple users, include a distributed environment, allow simulation modeling for analysis of the performance of software because one would want to have a complex computer system to meets various types of needs of different users.

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As per claim 9, Dupuy et al discloses selecting semantics of the non-object oriented computer environment (col. 3 lines 19-22, 27-35).

As per claim 10, Dupuy et al discloses selecting semantics compatible to the non-object oriented computer environment (col. 3 lines 19-22 and 27-35).

As per claim 11, Dupuy et al discloses selecting the semantics of the existing object oriented computer environment (col. 3 lines 27-35, Fig. 2 and col. 4 lines 15-52).

As per claims 12-13, Dupuy does not explicitly disclose developing an object header structure, and an object data structure.

Official Notice is taken that an object header structure, and an object data structure were well known in the art at the time the invention was made.

Therefore,, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teaching of the well known knowledge into the teaching of Dupuy et al to develop an object header structure, and an object data structure because one would want to utilize the object oriented technology to develop a complex computer system to meets various types of needs of different users.

As per claim 14, Dupuy et al discloses developing an object data structure containing a data structure of the non-object oriented computer environment (col. 3 lines 37- col. 4 line 7).

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As per claim 15, Dupuy et al disclose developing general purpose utility classes (col. 4 lines 22-25).

As per claim 16, Dupuy et al discloses creating new code (col. 3 lines 27-26, Fig. 2 col. 4 lines 15-52, col. 4 lines 22-25).

As per claim 17, Dupuy et al discloses preparing the new object oriented computer environment including inherently creating an operating system (col. 3 lines 27-26, Fig. 2 col. 4 lines 15-52).

As per claim 18, Dupuy et al discloses wherein the new object oriented computer environment includes an object oriented computer language (col. 3 lines 4-15).

Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Wei Y Zhen whose telephone number is (703) 305-0437. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tuan Dam can be reached on (703) 305-4552. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Wei Zhen

Primary Patent Examiner

March 10, 2004

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